



## Opioid Abuse Epidemic: *Solutions from the Front Lines of Care*

Every day, pharmacists face a moment of truth. When presented with an opioid prescription, a pharmacist must make decisions as a provider of patient care, and as part of the drug-abuse solution. *Based on these experiences, NACDS has announced four new recommendations on this complex issue, to complement pharmacy's ongoing collaboration with other healthcare professionals and with law enforcement.*

### ***Legislate a 7-day supply limit for initial opioid prescriptions issued for acute pain***

This limit is consistent with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Guideline for Prescribing Opioids for Chronic Pain

CDC clinical evidence: greater amount of initial opioid exposure is associated with greater risk for long-term use and addiction

Nearly 20 states already have taken action; federal legislation is needed for consistent patient care

### ***Create a national prescription drug monitoring program (PDMP) through collaboration***

Most states use data to help identify and prevent drug abuse and diversion, but program variances limit their effectiveness

It is necessary to harmonize state requirements for reporting and accessing PDMP data, and to create one system with unified expectations by healthcare providers and law enforcement

A national PDMP would leverage e-prescribing to provide guidance for prescribers and dispensers in real-time when providing patient care

### ***Legislate a requirement that all prescriptions be issued electronically, with limited exceptions***

E-prescribing enhances security and curbs fraud, waste and abuse; and Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) e-prescribing requirements call for two-factor authentication, reducing the likelihood of fraudulent prescribing

Federal and state action would be timely, as e-prescribing of controlled substances has only been legal in all 50 states since September 2015

Only 14 percent of controlled substance prescriptions are issued electronically

↳ [Support S. 2460 and H.R. 3528](#)

### ***Provide manufacturer-funded mail-back envelopes for unused opioid drugs, available to patients at pharmacies upon request***

Currently, many pharmacies offer disposal programs as appropriate by community and by store

A program featuring mail-back envelopes provides an option that is universally workable

State legislation could facilitate a mail-back program

Educational materials also are in use, and could be expanded in appropriate ways

↳ [Support S. 2645 and H.R. 5628](#)

**These new public policy concepts complement pharmacy's existing and extensive collaborative efforts, including:** compliance programs; pioneering e-prescribing; drug disposal; patient education; security initiatives; fostering naloxone access; stopping illegal online drug-sellers and rogue clinics; and more. For more information, please visit [accessagenda.NACDS.org](http://accessagenda.NACDS.org).